IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, ANDHRA PRADESH
AT HYDERABAD

(*Special Original Jurisdiction*)

FRIDAY, THE TWENTY SECOND DAY OF DECEMBER
TWO THOUSAND AND SIX

P R E S E N T

THE HON'BLE SRI JUSTICE N.V. RAMANA

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WP.No.26682 OF 2006

Between:

R.Laxmaiah, s/o. Pakeer Basha, aged about 42 years,
0cc. Driver, Nagar Kurnool,
Mahboobnagar District. … Petitioner

Versus

The Depot Manager,
APSRTC, Nagar Kurnool,
Mahbubnagar District. … Respondents

Counsel for the Petitioner: Sri P.Govida Rajulu

Counsel for the Respondent: Sri P.V.Swamy

THE HON'BLE SRI JUSTICE N.V. RAMANA

Writ Petition No. 26682 of 2006

Order:

This writ petition is filed seeking a Mandamus declaring the action of the respondent in issuing the proceedings NO.01/2(8)/95-NGKL, dated 26-3-1996, imposing punishment of deferment of two annual increment of the petitioner for a period of two years with cumulative effect, as illegal and arbitrary and to pass such other suitable orders.

The petitioner is employed as a Driver in APSRTC. He was issued a charge sheet, dated 28-7-1995, alleging that he has committed accident while performing his duties on 16-7-1995 on route Yedula-Wanaparthy and that he was required to submit the explanation, as to why necessary disciplinary action shall not be taken against him, for which he did not submit the explanation. Respondent authorities without conducting any regular departmental enquiry and without affording any opportunity passed the impugned order imposing punishment of withholding the annual increment for a period of two years with cumulative effect. Aggrieved by the same, the petitioner filed the present writ petition.

Learned counsel for the petitioner contends that stoppage of increment of an employee with cumulative effect is a major penalty, and the same cannot be imposed without conducting regular Departmental Enquiry as contemplated under the APSRTC Employees' (CC&A) Regulations (for short 'the Regulations'). In support of his contention, learned counsel relied on the judgment of the Supreme Court in "***Kulwanth Singh Gill v. State of Punjab***[1]".

On the other hand, learned Standing Counsel appearing on behalf of the respondents-Corporation vehemently opposed the said contention and submitted that the respondent, after careful

consideration of the entire evidence available on record has passed the impugned order, hence, no reasons to interfere with the same.

Heard the learned counsel for both the parties and perused the material available on record.

It is an admitted fact that the respondent imposed punishment of deferment of annual increment for a period of two years with cumulative effect, which is a major punishment. Admittedly, no regular departmental enquiry was conducted though the charge sheet was issued to the petitioner before imposing the penalty. The Apex Court in "***Kulwanth Singh Gill's Case*** (1 supra) held that stoppage of increments with cumulative effect is a major penalty and it cannot be imposed without conducting the departmental enquiry. Since the punishment of stoppage of annual increment for a period of one year was imposed without conducting regular departmental enquiry violating the judgment of the Apex Court, the impugned order cannot be sustained.

In the ordinary course of things, the impugned order needs to be set aside leaving it open to the respondent to pass fresh orders, but to avoid further litigation in the matter, I deem it appropriate to dispose of the writ petition with the following direction:

> " the impugned order dated 26-3-1996, passed by respondent-authorities imposing punishment of stoppage of annual increment for a period of one year with cumulative effect, is modified to that of stoppage of annual increment without cumulative effect. The petitioner shall not be entitled to any monetary benefits arising out of this order, but shall be entitled to fixation of pay only ".

Accordingly, the writ petition is disposed of at the admission stage. No costs.

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N.V. RAMANA, J

Date:22-12-2006.
NSR/ISL

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[1] **1991 Supp (1) SCC 504**